CITY PRESS

Ministers: In trusts we trust

An unwritten agreement holds that if a trustee benefits financially from a trust, that benefit should be declared

SA top officials trust funds

Trust not declared Trust declared to parliament Trust declared

Joe Phaahla

Sport South

This related to

involved in

the Sports Trust

promoting sport

in poor communi-

trustee when he

was CEO of the

Commission and

is no longer a

SA Sport

trustee.

Kgalema

Motlanthe

Deputy President

African National

Congress Trust

Motlanthe's office

was set up by the

said the trust

Motlanthe was

appointed as a

The ANC is the

sole beneficiary of

Motlanthe derives no benefit from it

and therefore did

Paul Mashatile

not declare it.

trustee when he

ANC and

was ANC secretary general.

the trust.

ties. He was a

Aaron

Health

IT5016/2001

(no trust name

Motsoaledi said

he formed the

trust on advice in

2001 to be used

handle his estate

should he die. He

said he was later

a good idea but

to deregister it.

his family.

Max Sisulu

Speaker of

Parliament

property.

Max Sisulu Trust

Beneficiaries are

the Sisulu family

and children and

Jeremy Cronin

Deputy Minister

Masincazelane

said he had not declared it as he

did not receive

from the trust.

Siyabonga

Minister of State

MI Scott Family

Cwele office

acknowledged

the trust and said

that he was not a

beneficiary but

could not give

details as they

party.

related to a third

Security

Cwele

any renumeration

of Transport

Beneficiaries are

had not arranged

advised it was not

as a vehicle to

available)

Motsoaledi



Economic Development

Southern Labour Research Institute

No response from

Obed Bapela



Deputy Minister of Communica-

Bakgethiwa Trust

Bapela's spokesperson said the trust was never registered but was declared anticipating that it would be.

Ben Martins



Deputy Minister of Public Enterprises

V Zulu Family Trust

Martins' office said the trust was established to assist the widow of a poor sculptor and artist and his children.

Sbu Ndebele



Transport **Nosizwe Family** Trust

Ndebele's office said the trust was "for the minister's personal financial and/or estate planning", with family members as fellowtrustees. It is

dormant. Thulas Nxesi



Deputy Minister. Rural Development and Land Reform

Sadtu Investment Trust

The trust dates from his involvement with the South African Democratic Teachers Union. has no benefit to trustees and is funded from

Sadtu invest ments.

Enoch



Deputy Minister Development

Hlala Family

Godongwana's office declined to comment.

of Economic

Trust

Elizabeth Thabethe

Deputy Minister of Trade and Industry

Zonke Trust and KwaThema Project

No response from

Marius Fransman



Relations **MFT Family**

of International

No response from office.

Fikile Mbalula

Minister of Sport Fikile Mbalula

Family Trust "The trust is intended to benefit Mbalula and his descendents. The members are Abathote Thomas Rasethaba, Fikile Mbalula and

Lindiwe Sisulu

Nozuko Mbalula."



Defence and Military Veterans Sadet, Albertina & Walter Sisulu Trust

The minister said this was a family trust, of which all the Sisulu children are trustees and funders.



of Arts and Culture

Deputy Minister

Ingwe Family Trust

The minister's office said the trust was established to look after family assets and currently owned a house in Polokwane. It was also a shareholder in Siyaya Mining which is currently in liquidation. The beneficiaries are his wife and their two children.



Deputy Minister of Higher Education

Pamodzi Trust No response from



Deputy Minister of Sport and Recreation Sediba Trust

No comment

Arts and Culture Khesani Family

No response from his office on this trust, which appears to have him as a trustee.

TJS Houghton

Tokyo Sexwale

Human Settlements

Gold Fields

Limited 2005 Share No response

from office.

from office.

No response from office.

Makana Trust

(resigned) No response from office.

Tokyo Sexwale Empowerment Trust (resigned) No response

GF Management Incentive No response

No comment

from office.

from office.

IEANNE VAN DER MERWE and JULIAN RADEMEYER investigations@media24.com

South Africa's top politicians have put their trust in trusts.

A database of trust records held by the justice department and the register of parliamentarian's interests shows at least 20 of the country's top elected officials have significant interests in trust funds - often opaque financial vehicles which are not readily open to public scrutiny.

Several of the trusts are charitable, where the ministers and deputies hold positions as trustees or stewards of good causes.

Trust funds are coming under scrutiny in the wake of revelations about ANCYL leader Julius Malema's secret Ratanang Family Trust and how it was allegedly used to dole out state tenders to pals through a company which the trust part owns.

At present, codes of conduct for ministers and parliamentarians don't formally require them to declare such interests, although there's an unwritten agreement between political parties that if a trustee benefits financially from a trust, it should be declared.

Parliament's code of conduct is set to undergo a review "in the next few months". Parliament's registrar of members' interests Fazila Mohamed told City Press.

An investigation by City Press shows that of the country's 66 minis-

The main problem is how to verify that disclosures of conflicts of interest, gifts and financial interests are accurate

- DEREK LUYT

ters and deputy ministers, at least 18 are linked to trust funds. In addition, Deputy President Kgalema Motlanthe and speaker Max Sisulu also have interests in trusts.

According to the database, former businessman and Minister of Human Settlements Tokyo Sexwale has the most extensive interests, with four trusts linked to his name. Officials in his office failed to respond to repeated requests for comment.

Unlike company records which are publicly accessible, information about the membership, purpose and financial affairs of trust funds are held by the Master of the High Court. Access to these records is not open to the general public, making it virtually impossible to scrutinise independently.

Aaron Roup, secretary of the Fiduciary Institute of South Africa, indicated that as a rule, only trustees or persons authorised by trustees, are allowed access to records and written permission is needed to examine the records.

Mohamed said members of Parliament are "advised that if they are a beneficiary of a trust, as opposed to simply being a trustee, the benefits are required to be disclosed".

"If you own massive shareholdings through a trust, the shareholdings must be disclosed. Many people own property-bearing trusts and that property must then be disclosed."

In their responses to queries by Media24 Investigations, several ministers responded that they had not declared their interests in trusts as they were not required to make declarations while others said they were not beneficiaries.

"The most problematic area is conflicts of interest between the functions of the trust and an official who could benefit from them. Tenders are an obvious example," said Derek Luyt from the Public Service Accountability Monitor. "It is also difficult to establish the interests of officials in a trust, given the more lenient standards of financial accountability compared to

other company structures."

Luyt said the ethics codes were not on their own an effective tool to keep public servants accountable, as disclosures were "almost impossible" for police to ascertain.

"The main problem is how to verify that disclosures of conflicts of interest, gifts and financial interests are accurate. This can be very difficult, not only in the case of trusts.

"It is almost impossible to measure the extent of patronage."

A review of the current ethics codes was announced shortly after Public Protector Thuli Madonsela called for clearer guidelines in a report on her investigation into President Jacob Zuma's delay in declaring interests. This review is now being undertak-

en by the justice department, whose spokesperson Tlali Tlali did not respond to requests for comment. Judith February, head of Idasa's Political Information and Monitoring

Service, said the fact that President Jacob Zuma started his term by declaring his own interests late set an "unhelpful precedent". She said that unless government

heeded the public protector's calls, "the effectiveness of the codes will remain in doubt".

"We have a situation ... where members don't comply with the provisions of the ethics codes, there are no adequate sanctions to serve as a deterrent and there are no legal requirements for the auditing of the executive branch asset disclosure forms except at the Auditor-General's discretion."